STATE OF MARYLAND

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SEXUAL HARASSMENT

POLICY AND PROCEDURES

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STATE OF MARYLAND POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT
IN THE WORKPLACE

Maryland State government is dedicated to a strong policy against discrimination on the basis of any factor prohibited by law, including sex, as set forth in Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; the Annotated Code of Maryland State Personnel and Pensions Article, Title 5, Subtitle 2; the Annotated Code of Maryland, State Government Article, Title 20; Maryland Code of Fair Employment Practices (Executive Order 01.01.2007.16) and the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Policy Guidance on Sexual Harassment. Sexual harassment is a type of discrimination that is not only illegal, but is in conflict with the personnel practices of the State of Maryland.

Sexual Harassment is defined as conduct which need not be severe or pervasive, that consists of unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other conduct of a sexual nature when (1) submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment of an individual; (2) submission to or rejection of the conduct is used as a basis for employment decisions affecting the individual; or (3) based on the totality of the circumstances, the conduct unreasonably creates a working environment that a reasonable person would perceive to be abusive or hostile.

An employee who believes that they are a victim of sexual harassment should report the alleged incident promptly to the agency’s Fair Practices Officer, Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Officer, supervisor or any other management representative. A prompt and thorough investigation of the complaint must be conducted by the EEO Officer or other designee assigned to investigate the complaint to determine whether a violation has occurred. Any employee found to have engaged in sexual harassment will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from employment. Retaliation against an employee for filing a complaint or participating in an investigation is not permitted.

All State government employees are provided the opportunity to work in an environment free from sexual harassment. Cabinet Secretaries and other agency heads have the responsibility to ensure compliance with this policy, including the prompt investigation and resolution of all complaints of sexual harassment.

All employees are to be given a copy of this policy and advised of the name and telephone number of the agency’s Fair Practices Officer and EEO Officer. This policy should be posted conspicuously in all State work sites.
STATE OF MARYLAND
PROCEDURE FOR REPORTING
COMPLAINTS OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

I. PURPOSE

The State of Maryland is dedicated to full compliance with laws, policies and guidelines that prohibit sexual harassment. Sexual harassment is an unlawful employment practice that will not be tolerated in any form in the workplace. No employee shall be retaliated against for filing a complaint of sexual harassment or participating in an investigation.

II. LEGAL AUTHORITY

A. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended
B. Title 20 of the State Government Article, Annotated Code of Maryland
C. Title 5, Subtitle 2 of the State Personnel and Pensions Article, Annotated Code of Maryland
D. Executive Order – 01.01.2007.16, Maryland Code of Fair Employment Practices
E. EEOC Policy Guidance on Sexual Harassment, Number N-915-050

III. DEFINITION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

A. Sexual Harassment is defined as conduct which need not be severe or pervasive, that consists of unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other conduct of a sexual nature when (1) submission to the conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment of an individual; (2) submission to or rejection of the conduct is used as a basis for employment decisions affecting the individual; or (3) based on the totality of the circumstances, the conduct unreasonably creates a working environment that a reasonable person would perceive to be abusive or hostile. Sexual harassment may be verbal (sexual innuendos, threats, jokes, sexual propositions, or suggestive comments, etc.); non-verbal (making suggestive or insulting noises, leering, whistling or making obscene gestures, or displaying sexually explicit or offensive pictures or other illustrations, etc.); or physical (touching, pinching, brushing the body, assaulting, or any other contact of a sexual nature).

B. Sexual harassment can occur in a variety of circumstances, including but not limited to the following:
   I. The victim, as well as the accused, may be of any gender. The victim does not have to be of the opposite gender. The accused may be an employee’s direct supervisor, a supervisor in another division, a co-worker, or a non-employee. The victim does not have to be the person harassed but could be anyone affected by the offensive conduct.
C. Sex-based offensive behavior in the work place is prohibited by law. Even if the behavior may be tolerated by some individuals outside of the workplace, it will not be tolerated within the workplace. The ignorance or intentions of the harasser are irrelevant.

IV. EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

If an employee believes that sexual harassment has occurred, the employee shall take the following steps:

A. Inform the offending person that their conduct is unwelcome and should cease immediately. It is important for the victim to communicate that the conduct is unwelcome, particularly when the alleged harasser may have some reason to believe that the behavior may be welcome. However, a victim of harassment need not confront their harasser directly, so long as the victim’s conduct demonstrates that the harasser’s behavior is unwelcome.

B. If the alleged harassment does not cease, report it promptly to the agency’s Fair Practices Officer, EEO Officer, supervisor or another management representative.

C. If an employee’s immediate supervisor is the alleged harasser, report the incident to the person directly in charge of the supervisor, the agency’s Fair Practices Officer, EEO Officer or other management representative.
V. AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES

A. When an alleged incident of sexual harassment is reported, the agency has 30 days in which to thoroughly investigate the complaint, and issue a written decision.

B. The agency shall take immediate and appropriate corrective action when it determines that sexual harassment has occurred.

C. The Office of the Statewide Equal Employment Opportunity Coordinator (OSEEOC) may be consulted to assist with the investigation, if necessary.

D. The agency must inform the Complainant of their right to pursue an allegation of sexual harassment with the Maryland Commission on Civil Rights or the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

E. The agency should also inform the Complainant that it will take every reasonable effort to handle the complaint in a manner that protects the confidentiality of all parties.

F. The agency should follow-up with the Complainant and any other individuals implicated in the investigation to ensure that no further incidents have occurred. Follow-up efforts should be documented.

G. The agency must ensure that employees who make complaints of sexual harassment or provide information related to such complaints will be protected against retaliation.